

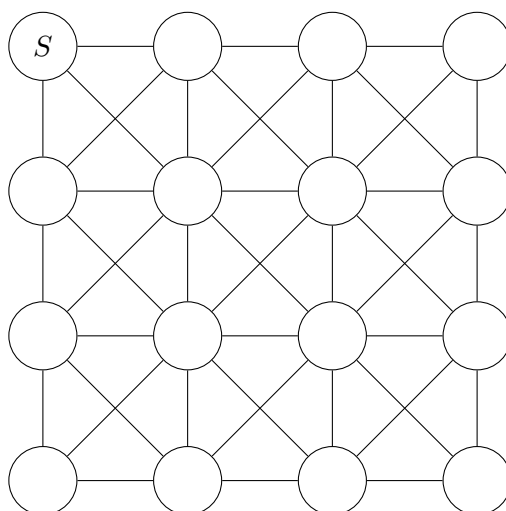
Fundamental Algorithms 10

Exercise 1 (Modified Graph Traversal)

Consider the modified traversal algorithm for graphs and trees MODTRAV.

Algorithm 1: MODTRAV

```
Input:  $V$ : Node  
         $visit$ : Visit function  
 $mark[V.key] \leftarrow 1$ ;  
 $act \leftarrow []$ ; // Local queue of active nodes  
for  $(v, w) \in V.edges$  do  
    if  $mark[W.key] = 0$  then  
         $visit(W)$ ; // Visit unmarked node  $W$   
         $act \leftarrow act \circ W$ ;  
    end  
end  
for  $W \in act$  do  $ModTrav(W)$ ;
```



1. Given the graph above, in which order are nodes visited by this algorithm? Number the nodes accordingly. The outgoing edges in $V.edges$ are stored clockwise.
2. In the same graph, mark the edges that are part of the spanning tree computed by the algorithm.
3. Now assume that the second for-loop is changed into a parallel loop. Discuss whether there can be concurrent read or write access to the elements of the array $mark$. Think about what happens if the graph is a tree.